

Research Abstract

Research Title: Medical Vaccines, Its Reality and Rulings (A Comparative Jurisprudence Study)

Researcher Name: Muhammad Bin Abdur-Rahman Bin Abdullah Al-Shehri

A research submitted to obtain a high international degree (PhD) in the field of jurisprudence Department of Sharia - Faculty of Sharia and Islamic Studies - Umm Al-Qura University

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This research deals with all newly emerging issues related to newly discovered medical vaccines, by elucidating on the reality of the vaccines in a clear form, then deducing jurisprudence provisions for its issues, restoring those issues to their origins, linking them to their evidence, and implementing fundamental and juristic rules in them.

The research consisted of two sections: The first: On the reality of medical vaccines, and the other on its jurisprudential rulings.

The first section included two chapters: the researcher in the first chapter discussed the meaning of medical vaccines, its history and types, and in the other he delved into its production, taking it and their effects.

The second section included a preface and five chapters: the researcher in the preface talked about preventive medicine.

In the first chapter: On the rulings of medical vaccines in terms of origin.

In the second chapter: On its rulings related to legal policy.

In the third chapter: On its rulings related to financial transactions.

In the fourth chapter: On the effects of medical vaccines.

In the fifth chapter: On the rulings of animal vaccines.

The researcher concluded with a number of results, the most important of which are: the correctness of the opinion that medical vaccines are useful and beneficial, and that they have a significant impact in preventing infectious diseases - God willing, and that its benefit supercedes its harm, among it also is that the ruling on taking medical vaccines requires a breakdown based on the degree of disease and according to the effects of vaccines and their components, the basic principle is that it is permissible, and it may rise to an obligation, and it may be sometimes forbidden.

Part of the conclusions is that the ruler can declare medical vaccines obligatory, and the subjects must comply, in addition to legalizing the experimentation of medical vaccines on humans and animals with necessary controls, and that medical responsibility should be established on vaccines if the need arise, as well as other important results mentioned in the conclusion of the research.

The main supervisor: Dr. Abed bin Mohammed Al-Sufyani.

Assistant Supervisor: Dr. Muhammad Mahmoud al-Qutt.

Head of Department: Dr. Khalid bin Eid Al-Jeraisy.

Dean of the Faculty: Dr. Raed bin Khalaf Al-Osaimi.