

## ABSTRACT

**Study title: Speeches of the al haram mosque and its role in promoting the values of citizenship**

**Researcher: Mamdouh Safeer Al-Otaibi Supervised by Dr. Saleh Bagaoui**

The study aimed to examine the role of sermons in the Grand Mosque in promoting the values of citizenship. The study relied on the descriptive approach represented in the method of content analysis to achieve its goals, and an analysis tool consisting of 44 values was designed to analyze Friday sermons at the Grand Mosque for the year 1439 AH, and iterations, percentages and mathematical averages were used to find out the extent to which citizenship values were included in the sermons of the Sacred Mosque for the year 1439 AH.

The results showed that the citizenship values were received in a large number in the sermons of the Sacred Mosque under study, with a total of (1162) times, with an average of (22.92). Faith values came first among citizenship values with a total of (510) times, with a percentage (43.63%) of the total iterations of citizenship values as a whole, with an average of (10.00), and the highest belief values were represented by the value of adhering to the correct Islamic belief, and To follow the Prophet, peace and blessings be upon him, and to guide him in thought and behavior. While the least represented in the enjoining good and forbidding evil. Moral values came second with a total of (285) times, with a rate (24.38%) of the total iterations of citizenship values, with an average of (5.59). The highest moral values represented were the value of honesty and righteousness and charity. The lesser moral values were equality. The political values came in the rank with a total of (180) times by (15.40%), and with an average of (3.53). The highest political values were represented by the value of hearing and obedience to the guardian in disobedience to God and the value of defending the country and preserving its security . While the least mentioned political values were represented in the general commitment to and respect for laws and regulations. The social values came in fourth place, with a total of (155) times, with a percentage (13.26%), and an arithmetic average (3.04). The highest social values represented were the value of commitment to the values of society and the value of social solidarity. While the least mentioned social values were the value of concern for the public interest. The economic values came in the fifth and last rank among the citizenship values, with a total of (39) occurrences, at a rate of (3.34%) of the total occurrences of the citizenship values as a whole, with an average of (0.76). The highest economic values were represented in the value of fulfilling what is stipulated in financial contracts and the value of rationalization of spending and consumption. While the lowest economic values were represented in the value of moving away from monopoly and the value of workmanship and the value of encouraging national industries.